

# Download Of Grammatology Jacques Derrida

Jacques Derrida's revolutionary theories about deconstruction, phenomenology, psychoanalysis, and structuralism, first voiced in the 1960s, forever changed the face of European and American criticism. Jacques Derrida (/ ʒ d ʁ ʒ d ʁ /; French: [ʒak d??ida]; born Jackie Élie Derrida; July 15, 1930 – October 9, 2004) was an Algerian-born French philosopher best known for developing a form of semiotic analysis known as deconstruction, which he discussed in numerous texts, and developed in the context of phenomenology. Jacques Derrida was one of the most well known twentieth century philosophers. He was also one of the most prolific. Distancing himself from the various philosophical movements and traditions that preceded him on the French intellectual scene (phenomenology, existentialism, and structuralism), heThe other major representative of philosophical post-structuralism is Jacques Derrida (1930–2004), who burst onto the philosophical scene in 1967 with three important publications: *Speech and Phenomena*, *Writing and Difference*, and *Of Grammatology*.